

CITY OF MERCED

PROGRAMMATIC CLIMATE ACTION PLAN FOCUS GROUP

DECEMBER, 2014 BILL KING, CITY OF MERCED PRINCIPAL PLANNER JENNIFER VENEMA, PMC







- Welcome and introductions (5 minutes)
- Emissions forecast updates (5 minutes)
- Measures and performance-based approach (20 minutes)
- Feasibility analysis (10 minutes)
- Focus Group discussion (60 minutes)
- Next steps (5 minutes)
- Time for additional comments, questions, and discussion (15 minutes)





PROJECT OVERVIEW



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Image by Discovery Channel

CEQA categories

- Aesthetics
- Agriculture and forestry
- Air quality
- Biological resources
- Cultural
 resources
- Geology and soils

- Greenhouse gas emissions
- Hazardous materials
- Housing
- Hydrology and water quality
- Land use

- Mineral resources
- Noise
- Public services
- Recreation
- Transportation
- Utilities

Regulatory Background

- AB 32 and Scoping Plan
 - Reduce state GHG emissions to 1990 levels by 2020
- SB 97
 - GHG analysis is required as part of CEQA
- SB 375
 - SCS/APS to be part of Regional Transportation Plan
- SJVAPCD Requirements
 - Regulatory authority for direct and indirect air pollution
 - Indirect Source Review regulation
- CEQA Guidelines
 - Opportunity for streamlined review of GHGs for new development



Project Outcomes

Tools to Streamline Regulations

Stand-alone implementation plan

Monitoring and reporting tools

Development codes

Unified Design Manual



LAST MEETING RESULTS



September 10 Focus Group Meeting

- Last meeting.
 - Preliminary reduction measure results
 - Discussion of measure priorities
 - Identify Priority Measures





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Priority Measures Identified by Focus Group

- Higher density and mixed-use development
- Traffic efficiency
- Electric vehicles
- CALGreen standards
- Residential renewable energy
- Nonresidential renewable energy
- Water efficiency for landscaping
- Compositing of organic waste
- Improved recycling



UPDATES TO GHG INVENTORY AND MEASURES

Emissions process

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Changes to Electricity Emissions

 Inventory used emissions as reported by Great Valley Center using state protocols.

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- Updated for Merced Irrigation District's actual electricity sources.
 - 44% of community electricity in 2008





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Updates since September Focus Group Meeting

- Minor language and metric updates to several measures.
- Changes to composting measure.
- New measures:
 - Reductions from G Street underpass
 - Meter all unmetered residential water customers





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Balancing Priorities to Achieve the 2020 Target

 Council direction is to meet the minimum elements of a qualified CAP for **CEQA** streamlining





MEASURES AND PERFORMANCE APPROACH

Understanding Contribution of New and Existing Development

18% of 2020
 emissions from
 development to be
 built after 2014

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New Emissions

- CAP measures applied to existing development: 9% below baseline.
- With growth, gap to achieve target : 37,760 MTCO₂e.
 - Too large to mitigate with existing development alone



Achievement of the Target with Performance-Based Approach



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Performance-Based Approach

- Target: close the gap with new development
 - Requires a 29%
 reduction below BAU
 for emissions from new
 development
 - Different way of applying CAP measures
 - Intent is to provide developers with flexibility

- New projects select from a range of measures.
- Certainty that projects will achieve CAP goals while supporting SJVAPCD regulations
 - 29% goal is from
 SJVAPCD project-level
 guidance

Performance-Based Approach

Helps comply with air district regulations.

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- Implements adopted General Plan EIR to mitigate buildout.
- Measures support suggested ISR mitigations.
- Advances CAP goal of streamlining development review.



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Performance-Based Approach

New single-family house

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- Good access to public transit.
- Be located in an area with a moderate degree of road connectivity
- Have a solar water heating system.
- Designed for solar access and/or solar panels.

New 5-person business

- Have an on-site public
 EV charging station.
- Use passive solar design techniques.
- Be located in a mixeduse project (15% commercial, 85% apartments).
- Etc.

• Etc.



Performance-Based Approach 16% Reduction

- New AB 32 Scoping Plan:
 - State must reduce emissions 16% below business-as-usual by 2020
- Achieving a 16% reduction with new development in Merced:
 - Remaining gap of 16,380 MTCO₂e
 - 12.3% below baseline

- Actions to close gap:
 - Advanced retrofits for another 8,775 existing houses, or
 - Another 4,027 existing units with rooftop solar systems, or
 - Another 2,372 existing businesses undergoing retrocommissioning



FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS

Feasibility Analysis

 Reviews each measure for implementation considerations.

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- Can be used to prioritize measures.
- Helps identify potential challenges.



Feasibility Analysis

• Five factors:

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- GHG reductions
- Available partners and programs
- Consistency with CAP values
- Fiscal impact to community
- Fiscal impact to City
- Score of 1 to 5 on each factor



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Feasibility Analysis Criteria

GHG Reduction		Scale (MTCO₂e in 2020)				
	Value (MTCO2e)	<3,000	3,000-6,000	6,001-9,000	9,001-12,000	>12,000
	(IVIICO2E)	1	2	3	4	5
Partners and		Scale				
Programs					Partnerships and	Partnerships with
			Potential		programs in place	
	Existing partners	No potential	programs but no	Partnerships but	that require	programs in
	or resources exist	partnerships or	partnerships to	no funding or	support of City	place, no support
	to implement	programs	facilitate	programs	staff	from City required
	programs	1	2	3	4	5
Consistency with CAP Values	Value	Scale (number of values the measure is consistent with)				
	Clean Energy					
	Resources, Public	0	1	2	3	4
	Outreach and Involvement	1	2	3	4	5
Financial Impact	Value	Scale				
to the Community						
	Initial investment	Net costs	Limited investment	Cost neutral	Limited return on investment	Substantial return on investment
	required, but	1101 00010				
	costs are revenue					
	positive with savings in energy					
	bills	1	2	3	4	5
Financial Impact	Value	Scale				
to the City						
	Initial investment	Not opto	Limited	Cast noutral		Substantial return
	required, but	Net costs	investment	Cost neutral	investment	on investment
	costs are revenue					
	positive with					
	savings in energy	1		2	4	
	bills		2	3	4	5



Example: Feasibility Analysis – Nonresidential Renewable Energy

Factor	Scores					
GHG Reduction	1	2 (3,000–6,000 MTCO ₂ e)	3	4	5	
Available partners and programs	1	2	3	4 (Requires support of City staff)	5	
Consistency with CAP values	1	2	3 (Consistent with 2 values)	4	5	
Fiscal impact to community	1	2	3	4 (Limited return on investment)	5	
Fiscal impact to City	1	2 (Limited investment)	3	4	5	
Average score: 3						



Feasibility Analysis Cost-Benefit Factors

- Analysis of all measures
 - Specific estimates of community savings
 - Estimated City staff time and cost

- Twelve measures received more extensive analysis
 - Specific estimates of community costs
 - Total cost per MTCO₂e reduced
 - Payback period



Example: Cost-Benefit Analysis

Basic

 Measure 4: Improve feasibility and use of bicycles.

5-year FTE	1.5
Annual staff cost	\$46,000
Annual community savings	\$121,700

Detailed

 Measure 13: Energy retrofits to single-family homes.

5-year FTE	2.5
Annual staff cost	\$77,200
Annual community savings	\$775,300
Annual community costs	\$3,164,000
Cost per MTCO ₂ e	\$1,250
Payback period	21 years



Cost-Benefit Comparisons

	City Costs	and Savings	Community Costs and Savings			
Measure	Five-Year Staff Needs (FTE)	Capital Costs	Average Total Cost to Participant	Average Annual Savings per Participant	Payback Period (Years)	
3: Carpool and car share	0.5	\$0	\$4	\$12	Less than I	
5:Telecommuting	0.5	\$0	\$0	\$110	I	
10: CALGreen	0.75	\$0	\$1,700	\$170	١7	



DISCUSSION AND ACTIVITIES



What is your current status?

A. Awake B. Getting sleepy C. Avidly engaged D. Dazed and confused F. None of the

E. None of the above





What level of reduction is appropriate for new development?

- A. 31%, consistent with outstanding gap to achieve the target
- B. 29%, consistent with SJVAPCD guidance
- C. 16%, consistent with statewide Scoping Plan forecasts
- D. Unsure
- E. None of the above






What is the most appropriate strategy to close the gap and achieve the target?

- A. Provide prescriptive standards
- B. Recommend the City commit to other voluntary or incentivebased programs
 C. Other





What is the preferred approach to close any remaining gap?

- A. Provide greater incentives for on-site solar energy
- Increase retrofits of B. existing homes and businesses
- C. Promote greater adoption of alternative modes of transportation for local businesses
- D. Focus more development in higherdensity locations
- Improve recycling and Ε. waste minimization efforts
- F. Other





What is the most important issue for measure implementation?

- A. GHG reductions
- B. Available partners and programs
- C. Consistency with **CAP** values
- D. Fiscal impact to community
- E. Fiscal impact to City





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A. Yes

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To prioritize measures for next steps, should we weight any of the issues more highly than others? (I.e., assign measures a higher score when they meet the priority criteria versus other criteria?)

B. No C. Unsure





- A. City staff FTE
- B. City costs and savings
- C. Total community costs and savings
- D. Average costs and savings per participant
- E. Cost per MTCO₂e of GHG emissions





Review Tools

• Feasibility and prioritization discussion



Questions for Focus Group

 Do the feasibility criteria presented today reflect the most important issues for prioritizing CAP measures to implement? If not, what other issues should we consider when ranking measures?



Questions for Focus Group

 Should any feasibility criteria receive a greater weight when determining which CAP measures to prioritize for implementation? Examples may include the availability of external partners or resources, or costs to the City.



Questions for Focus Group

• What information will be most useful to equip the City, community leaders, and partners to implement the CAP?



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NEXT STEPS



Monitoring and Achieving the CAP

- Monitoring progress is a criteria CEQA criteria for streamlining
 - Monitoring and reporting tool
 - Annual reports to City Council

Monitoring components

Community-Wide Indicators

CAP Measure Progress



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- **Next Steps**
- Compile CAP measures into CAP Implementation
 Plan
- Prepare Unified Design Manual (UDM) framework
 January March 2015: Prepare UDM and codes
- May 2015: Review Compiled Project
- June 2015: Community Open House





Please use comment cards for any additional thoughts you'd like to share. You can also provide any additional thoughts later by email directly to Bill King.

For additional questions, please contact Bill King <u>KingB@cityofmerced.org</u>

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